

- * N. 1. That the Statute of 6 Geo. I. ch. 21 § 34, sicut & 44, appointing the crime of forcibly rendering wounding or beating officers of the customs in the due execution of their office to be tried in the Court of Admiralty in Scotland is not sustained as a ground to decline the trial of Juslary in a Trial of such crimes before them; 22 September 1725, Thomas, and others. It seems that Statute imports only the trying a cumulative, or jurisdiction to the court of Admiralty in case, and will not keep off the Trial from the cognizance of the Justice court who are the competent judges of such crimes by the common rule of trying God, or any of the persons of the blessed Trinity, act 21 par. 1. folio. ch. 3, and the like rule of trying impounding or quarreling, arguing or threatening against the King of God, or any of the persons of the Trinity or the Kingdom of His righteousness, or the providence of God. ~~which is punished by the Law of God~~ act 11 folio 5 par. W. Goll. is to be tried and pronounced by the Lord of Admiralty.
- * That the ordinary orders to the punishment of death can be tried only before the court of Admiralty, act 15 par. 7. 16.
- * That sentence is purposed only before the Lord of Admiralty Reg. May. Lib. 9 cap. 27.

- * N. 1. But it seems they can not, forasmuch as two estates might incorporate the Third, Craig-Traub. Lib. 3 Tit. 95 in fin.

(works Vol. 2. offord. on the Statute of Treasons)

* N. 2. The Duke of Buckingham thinks that breaking the King's Privy Seal is not treason, unless she be unmarried, and consequently more excepted by wanting a Husband's care. Seeing otherwise a King's second Son's wife had been named before her, as being nearer the Crown.