Terms of the Law of Scotland.	Terms of the Law of England.
Comparance for one's Interest	Interpleading.
a third party that prolongs some Interest in a Thing that is contested betwixt the pursuer & defender, & without citing any one or being cited himself comes in for his Interest.	The party interbessing or claiming for his Interest and Title by Interpleading.
Admission of a third person to plead his Interest in a cause commenc'd betwixt other persons	Receit, Receptio.
Warning or citing one to compear for his Interest	Garnishment.
The claimers on those Estates produced their claims.	The Claimants on those Estates produced their claims.
~~Intented~~ possibility	~~Farmed commenced~~ a contingent Interest.
Interdiction	Divesting one of his power of administration.
Interim (The) betwixt one Act and another Intermediate, in that time betwixt	Mean, or Mesne. The Mean profits of Lands &c.
Interlocutors (vid. Finds)	Interlocutory Sentences, or Orders or Judgments
Interpellation or Requisition	A Legal Demand of payment or Satisfaction.
Interrogats (To) upon oath	To ask one upon a voire dire.
Interruption of possession	discontinuance of possession, or the breaking it off
Interruption of prescription	A continual Claim, making a claim.
Intimats (To)	To give notice.
Intimation	Notice: a ~~Intimation~~ Signification, notification.
Intromet (To) with	To Intermeddle.
Intromitter from the Fr. Intromettour, A vitious Intromitter	one who intermeddles Injurious Intermeddler Executor or administrator de son Tort
Intromission	Executor of his own wrong. Intermeddling.
vitious Intromission	Injurious Intermeddling.
Intrometting (To) vitiously	to Administer in his own wrong.
Intruder	A Usurper, an Intruder only by a wrongful Entry into Land bought
Intrusion	Intrusion and Statutes [illegible] of a possession

Intrusion. The Statute of 1 Edw. 3. Parliament 2. ch. 12. recites, that whereas the Death of one who held first of an Estate of Inheritance and the Entry of his Heir, and takes possession and keeps him out; Intrusion is when between the death of a Tenant for life and the Entry, and the Entry of him in Reversion, he is disseised of an Estate of Inheritance expectant upon the Estate for life, a Stranger stepps into the possession. If the Heir be Grand child to the person who died seiz'd in Fee simple, he shall have a Writ of Right (from the Fr. Droit vus) against him who abateth: and if the Heir be a great Grand child, he shall have a Writ of Entry ex cognizance.

Intrusion, Incroachment or Usurpation of Intrusion, Intromission of	Wilful Regard or Respect to. causa matrimonii prolocuti.
Inventary	An Heir or Executor can be charged for debts of the Deceas'd only in so far as he hath effects for payment, for what remains is due to him by debtors that burden.
An Executor or Heir is liable to the debts and Deeds of the Deceas'd secundum vires Inventarii	
To Inventory Things	To take them down in a Book, make an Inventory of them.
Joinders, vid. Liferent.	
Joysing	Enjoying.
Irritancy, clause Irritant or Resolutive	Abatement. Defeasance or Defeasance from the Fr. defaire to defeat or undo. That which arises from a provision or condition in Deed, in the Latter reserv'd or inserted in the Deed or Grant, whereas a Defeasance is usually a Deed by it self.

Terms of the Law of Scotland.	Terms of the Law of England.
Given a person dispones Lands to another reserving to himself an annual rent out of the same payable at a certain Term or Terms, upon this condition, that if the Annualrent be behind, or payment thereof not punctually made, the Right should be void and it should be lawful to the disponer to take back the Lands.	Such Reserved Rights called an Estate upon condition in Deed, in contradistinction to an Estate upon condition in Law, which is a Reservation competent to the Disponer in the Event of some condition not expressed in the Disposition, but implied by Law.
Irritancy of a Tack for Failure of paying the Tack duty for the Space of two years	~~A Tack of a Tenant for life, or for years, which he holding over after the Rent day, is void by the Statute of 32 H. 8. ch. 28. unless he pay the Rent as he ought to do by the Terms of the Lease, & continue so to do for the Space of a Year after Demand made thereof by the Lord.~~ Cessavit.
Ish (vid. Entry)	The End, Expiration or Determination of.
Issues Lawful born in Wedlock	Heirs.
Issues (To) out or issue forth Diligence against a Minister	To award process against him.
Judges to Hear and Determine Crimes	Justices of Oyer and Terminer.
Judicata Res	The Authority of a Decree of a Court of Justice, or a Judicial Decree.
Jurisdiction	Cognizance. District, the Circuit wherein a man may be compell'd to appear.
Cumulative Jurisdiction. Bringing in Court a cause out of the Judge's Jurisdiction. To Judge, or exercise Jurisdiction about Things not belonging to the Cognizance of a court	Concurrent Jurisdiction. Judgment Coram non Judice. To hold plea of any Thing or matter not belonging to the cognizance of the court in form, a praemunire. As when a Suit for a Temporal is brought in any Ecclesiastical court, or when the Admiral holds plea of any Thing not done Super altum mare, but infra corpus comitatus; or when the Constable & Marshal hold plea of a matter determinable by the common Law; a writ of praemunire may be brought against them for so doing.
Jus Devolutum, or a Devolution of a Right of presenting a minister from the patron to the presbytery	A Lapse or the Right of Lapse. A Title given to the ordinary to collate to a Benefice by neglect of the patron to present to it within six Months after Avoidance; or a Devolution of a Right of presenting from the patron, to the Bishop; from the Bishop to the Arch Bishop; and from the Arch Bishop to the King.
Justice General (Lord ordinary)	Lord chief Justice of the Kings Bench or Lord Ch. Justice of England.
Justiciary (Lords of) or the Lord Justice clerk	Justices of the Kings Bench.
Justified (to be) Act 24 par. 7 J. 5.	To be punished.
To Justify, vindicate, maintain, make good	To atone.
Justifying, vindication	Atonery
K	
Kanned	Known.
Kiln'd	Dry'd or a Kiln.
Kin (Next of)	next of Amy.
King To take the Kings Skaith Act 9 par. J. 1.	To Regulate and Determine what is due to the King by Criminals. vid. Inquiry.
To Assith the King d. Act 9	To cause offenders pay what is Determined to be due to the King.
Kinrick in prof to par. 2 J. 1.	Reign.
Kinrick act 145 par. 3 J. 1.	Kingdom.
Kirk session	a parish Vestry.

(7) This Word or Condition of Such Law of Issue — Maitland.
(8) Justiciary Clerk in the Court of — Clerk of the crown or Clerk of the crown office of the Court of Justiciary.