and they are Denied Succour by the law of Nations.

Our King having not only Sovereignity over British seas, but also Undoubted Jurisdiction and power in Common with other Princes and States to punish all Pyracies and Robberies upon Sea in the Remotest parts of the World Dawson Forsyth and other Pirates Jury. 6. Ought to be done with the outmost Zeal and Impartiality, that foreign Nations may not have to Resort and used as a harbour Shelter and nest of Pirates; or pretend for want of Redress in the ordinary course, to Reprize their Losses by the Violent Methods of War or Reprizals to our great Loss both in Reputation and Interest.

bid. Appendix pag. 98.

It is Pyracy to Rob goods out of a Ship Riding at Anchor in the Sea, tho no person was in the Ship at the time. Molloy de Jure Maritimo Libr. 2 cap. 4 §. 17 or one to take some of a Ships Guns in order to sell them for Slaves Molloy ibid. §. 15. If any of the Kings Subjects Commit Robbery against any of his Subjects at Sea under Colour of a Commission from any foreign Prince they are to be adjudged Pirates 11 & 12 W. 3 cap. 7 §. 9 Junct. 8 G. 1 cap. 19. §. 3 for no Commission from a foreign power doth loose a person alledging Virtue of such a Commission would Excuse them or ought to his Native Soverign. About Acting by Colors from the Charge of Pyracy at the Instance of all other princes and States Vaugh Jury. 18. If any Commander or Master of a Ship Sea man or Mariner whom the Admiral hath Jurisdiction over, betrust, turn pirate and Run Away with the Ship or any barge boat Ordnance, Ammunition goods or Merchandizes, or Voluntarily Yield them up to the pirate, or bring Procuring Message from him or Attempt to Corrupt Any Commander Master or

Officer or Mariner to Yeild up or Run Away with the Ship or goods or turn pirate or go over to pirates; or if any person lay Violent hand upon his Commander, to hinder him from Defending his Ship, or Confine his master or endeavour to make any Revolt in the Ship; the offender shall suffer as a pirate 11 & 12 W. 3 cap. 7 §. 9 Junct. 8. G. 1 cap. 19 §. 3. He that upon land or Sea sets forth a pirate, or doth and assist Maintain procure Command Counsel or advise any person to Commit piracy, who doth it Accordingly; or that Receives Entertains or Conceals such a person, knowing him to have Committed Piracy; or that Receives or takes into his Custody any Ship Vessel goods or Chattels Piratically and Feloniously taken, is to be tried and punished as a Pirate 11 & 12 W. 3 cap. 7 §. 10. 8 G. 1 cap. 24 §. 8. Junct. 2 G. 2. cap. 28 §. If person who trades with any pirate or furnishes him with Ammunition or provision or Stores of any kind, or fits out any Vessel with Design to trade or Correspond with, or Cruise in Combined or Correspondence with a pirate, knowing him to be such, is adjudged guilty of piracy: and the Ships fitted out to trade with pirates, and the goods on board the same are forfeited half to the Crown and half to the Discoverers 8 G. 1 cap. 24 §. 1 & 2. Junct. 2 G. 2 cap. 28 §. Those belonging to any Vessel forcibly boarded by a Merchants Ship, and throwing over board or Destroying any part of the goods, are punished as pirates 8 G. 1 cap. 24 §. 1. Junct. 2 G. 2 cap. 28 §. When a Ship is Run Away with, the people aboard are held to be Confenters, Unless they produce Evidence to the Contrary, Dawson Forsyth and other Pirates Jury. 26. But it is Lawfull to any person in case of Necessity to take Victuals cables Ropes, Anchors or Sails out of Another Ship that may spare them. So be the

The Judges Power K. William and Q. Mary Inform. &c. acting by his Late Majesty King James Commission were Seal'd on one Side with Scotch Arms and on the other with English Arms. vide Appendix pag. 88. Sect. pag. 35. 46. 859.