

of compassing the Kings death, for Delivering in the  
 Charge against him in the Court called the high Court of  
 Justice, to take away his life, desiring the same to be read  
 Demanding Judgment against him; the Gods draw not up the  
 Charges, but know what unreasonable Matter it Contains  
 and know what is more reasonable than Others, yet Judgment upon a man, whether  
 peer or Commoner in all cases of high treason, relating  
 to the crown is the same, and given thus You sh. Be taken  
 to the Goal from Which You came and from thence You are  
 to be drawn upon a hurdle to the place of Execution, and  
 there You are to be hanged by the Neck, and being alive to be  
 cut down, and Your privy Members to be cut off, and  
 Yourself You being alive; and Your head to be cut off, and  
 Your body to be divided in four quarters, and Your head  
 and quarters disposed of where His Majesty shall think  
 fit; but the Lord has Mercy upon Your soul. But  
 when such a terrible sentence of the law is given against  
 a peer, the King usually Remits the most ignominious  
 and painful parts of it, and Pardons all of them except  
 beheading, which is a part of the judgment  
 thought, that such an Execution when a traitors Council  
 are taken out and burnt while he is alive, was proper  
 and reasonable in Nature; But Colonel Barrifor one of the  
 guides was a noted instance of it, who after he was cut  
 down also had his Entrails taken out of his Body, kept  
 up and hid through the enough left to strike the Executioner  
 A Mod. Rep. 902. This Judgment of high treason for  
 plot, tho' not Express'd, that if the Delinquent sh. be  
 forfeit to the King all his lands, tenements and hereditaments  
 in fee simple, or in fee tail, Conditions, Entails, &c. (not  
 committed, or afterwards, the Rights of all others than the  
 offender and his heirs being saved 25 Ed. 3 Stat. 5 cap. 2.  
 26 R. 2 cap. 1. 35. 4. 33 R. 2 cap. 20. 58. 6. Ed. 3 cap. 11. 55. 2.  
 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100.)

The words in the margin are not made a part of the original text, but are added by the printer for the sake of the reader.

Grand Marriage or other ways, provided that he loses all the  
 nobility or gentility, his might have had before, and becomes  
 noble; he can neither inherit as heir to any land or tenement  
 have an heir, and when over it is necessary for any one  
 who would make a title to land, to devise the descent  
 thro' him, the Attorney is a bar to such a title, unless the  
 land were inherited, wherefore if things be grand father  
 father and son, and the father be attainted the son cannot  
 claim as heir to the Grandfather of the land in question,  
 because he must offer himself, devise the descent thro' the  
 father, which by reason of the attainder he cannot do. But  
 the attainder of a person who does not to mentioned in the  
 Conveyance of the descent, does no hurt, but the Successor  
 be never so remote. And notwithstanding a person attain'd  
 to be to many purposes looked upon as dead in law, yet  
 he hath a Capacity to purchase land, which the King shall  
 have upon his death. All of the father of a person attain'd  
 to die seized of any Estate of Inheritance during his life  
 as Younger brother can be heir, but the lands shall be  
 devised; for the older brother, the attainted, shall be  
 brother and no other can be heir to the father while he is  
 alive: but it seems agreed at this day, that if he die  
 before the father, the Younger brother shall be heir  
 to him. 1 R. lib. 2 chap. 49. 47. 8. Reg. 4. All his goods  
 and chattels which the party hath or is entitled to in  
 own Right, and not as Executor or Administrator, shall  
 then are forfeited from the time of the forfeiture, provided  
 this. stat. 9. 30. 41. being reasonable, that per Reg. 4.  
 lionis, his body lands goods and posterity, thou' it be land  
 torn and destroyed, who Endeavour to raise the Body of the  
 of Government, by such attempt against the Body of the  
 Common Wealth, or the happiness, who is the head and  
 safety thereof. his possessing, Royal Comfort, issue, or Right  
 of July 1709 of any Majestys land, signior, Rents, &c.  
 moments or benefices, with forfeiture or Relictive Bond  
 or lazarous affecter, with forfeiture or Relictive Bond  
 prohibitory clause, committing high treason, which  
 is the true of that Marriage being, or a possibility of

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