

Almond provided, i feb 1671 Lady Purvis haugh
Church be iteant the Rector might give the Moderator of the
Presbytery and Agent of the Church. Where such as are called in
a valuation only for interest, dependent proceeding, the action
needs not to be transferred against their heirs 29 January
1673 Rockburn of Ryslaw contra E. Rimer A valuation was
made by the last Apparrel heir before he was Insolvent was
sustained upon production of his instruments Codicil in
the Exchequer

All tithes may be Valued by 30 fjs. 2 Parl. W. & M.
Except Decimes Inclusive fended with the Stock, and confer-
med before the Year 1587, 23 January 1631 such being
looked upon in our law as No tithe, and not affable by
Ministers. Nothing can be Valued but for tithes and above
what is allocated for Maintenance of Ministers and other ser-
vants; And the Rector is liable to the Minister or laiceman
only for the Value duly of that Supply. Act 17 & 19 Parl. 1633
Tithes are Valued at a fifth part of the Constant Rent
when set with the flock for a joint duty, Act 17 Parl. 1 Ch. 1
which is the same with a fourth part of the Rent of the
Stock. When Distinct doted a re paid for Stock and tithe, they
are Valued a fifth part down of the true worth and avail ac-
cording to the Kings exchequer. Act 17. Where a proof of the Rent
of the flock was lost, and a Distinct proof of the yearly value
of the Vicarage tithe, the parsonage tithe was not found
to be a fourth part of the entire rent of the flock, but the
fourth part of what Remained after Deduction of a flock Com-
pared to the Vicarage tithe. But then the Vicarage tithe
separately proved, was Valued according to the full rent,
without any allowance for the Kings exchequer. In respect of
the foresaid Deduction 4 March 1702, Bidie of Milntoun contra
the officers of State, Minister of Elgin and others

There might be separate valuations of parsonage and
Vicarage belonging to Distinct titulars. Act 17 & 19 Parl.
Ch. 1 Act 28 fjs. 1 Act 22 fjs. 2 Parl. 1 Ch. 1 Act 30 fjs. 2
Parl. W. & M. That the Vicar be not frustrated of the
true worth of his tithes. The Old College of St. Andrews
being titulars of the Parsonage tithes and Patrons
of the parish of Kilmarney, and the Minister of Kilmarney having

having right as Vicar to the Vicarage and raised a protest of the
dilection and Locality against the Old College and the Pre-
decessors of his Paroch; James Brown of Montgumerry and Alexander
or Alfon written to the signet in this behalf a summon of
Valuation of their parsonage tithes against the College, and
of their Vicarage tithes against the Minister, wherein the
Act (14 November 1711) found the parsonage tithes ought to
be Separately Valued from the Vicarage, albeit by the Act of
Parliament 1690 giving tithes not heritably bis psonal to Pa-
tron, the College were in Effect become titubles of both
parsonage and Vicarage, with the Burden of Modifying the
tithes to the Minister. In respect the Parsonage and Vic-
arage were originally distinct benefices, and such by act
17 Parl. 1633 are to be severally valued. The Vicarage tithe,
which are Local and Variable must be Rated according to
the sum of payment; and the parsonage according to the growing
and increase of the land, and the several Grains. A Calcula-
tion made of Cuck for seven Years preceding, and the sum of
part of the Total of the Rents for these Years is taken as a
Medium for the true rent Communibus annis; of which a
fifth part is established as the Value of the tithe. But then
some deduction is given upon the account of Cottages, and
other husbandry or copyhold Improvements of the ground by
Lining, dunging, or other ways 28 December 1698 Adminis-
trators of Hospital contra officers of State. The
tithe of Salmon may be Valued, and the true worth Com-
munitus annis of the Green fish when taken out of the
water, and not what they might be sold for when Curried
and barrelled deducting the Charge of Salt Cash and pains,
should be the Rule of Valuing 15 December 1708 Gor-
don and other tenuors of Bon-fishing on the River Stonywood
because the price of Green fish is ever much the same and
the value of a Barrel of Curried Salmon varied according to
the price of salt, and the custom to which it is liable,
according to the Constitution of foreign Markets. Nor can
it be known without proving the Expence of salt and
ice and of curing and packing, and how many Barrels
go to the barrel, and how many Barrels there may be of
tithe, which inconveniences are obviated by Valuing the